

CIVICS EOC Flashcard Assignment:

Direction: On the front of the flashcard put the question, and on the back your answer.

Due: APRIL 30th

Legislative Branch:

1. What do Articles I, II, and III address in the US Constitution?
2. Congress is made up of which two houses?
3. Who is the leader of the House?
4. Who is the leader of the Senate who breaks ties?
5. Who is the 'pro-tempore'?
6. How many members are in Congress? How many are in each house?
7. What is the purpose of the Standing and Sub Committees?
8. After a bill is passed in the House, it then goes where?
9. Who are lobbyists?
10. Define enumerated powers.
11. What is a filibuster?
12. How does a member of the senate end a filibuster?
13. What are the three things a president can do to a bill?
14. What are checks and balances?
15. What is Gerrymandering?
16. Who has the power to declare war?
17. What is a census, when is it taken, and what how is this data used in Congress?
18. What does bi-cameral mean?
19. How long are senator and representatives terms?
20. What is a pocket veto?

Executive Branch

1. What are the three qualifications to run for office of the president?
2. Who approves the president's appointments?
3. What are the 7 roles of the president?
4. According to the US Constitution, how is the president elected?
5. How is it possible for a presidential candidate to win the popular vote, but not win the election?
6. Who does the president appoint to send to other nations to speak on their behalf?
7. Explain what the Electoral College is.
8. What is the purpose of the president's cabinet? Who is responsible for selecting the president's cabinet?

Judicial Branch

1. How long does Supreme Court Justice service?
2. Who appoints Supreme Court Justices? Who approves the appointment?
3. Under the US court system, which court is the highest court in the land?
4. What are the three courts in the federal level from highest power to lowest power?
5. If something goes wrong in a lower court, it then moves to which court?

Supreme Court Cases

1. Which Supreme Court decided that it is constitutionally acceptable to have two separate drinking fountains, because it followed "separate but equal"?
2. Which case defined "judicial review"?
3. Which case says that no one is above the law?
4. Which case established a principal has the right to overlook a newspaper, even though there is freedom of press?

5. Which court case states that everyone is entitled to an attorney if they cannot afford one?
6. Which case defined the rights that juveniles have?
7. Which case determined that police officers must recite your constitutional rights if you are arrested?
8. Which case established citizens select the president through the Electoral College and not the popular vote?
9. Which case desegregated the public school system and overturned the case of Plessy vs. Ferguson?
10. Which case determined that it is your first amendment right to wear an air band to school to protest a case?

Path to Democracy – The Road to America

1. What four ideas did we steal from the Magna Carta?
2. What natural rights did John Locke think all people are entitled to?
3. How did Montesquieu want the government to be organized?
4. Why did Montesquieu want the government structure to have three branches?
5. What is a Social Contract Theory?
6. The Mayflower Compact demonstrates which type of government system?
7. Which pamphlet written by Thomas Paine sparked the ideas behind revolting against the government?
8. Why did the colonists become increasingly unhappy with the British Government?
9. What was the importance of the French and Indian War?
10. How did the colonist react to the Stamp Act?
11. What did the Tea Act of 1773 require colonist to do?
12. What does the phrase, "No taxation without representation" mean?
13. What was the Quartering Act?
14. What document addressed the colonist concerns and listed their grievances?
15. According to the Declaration of Independence, you have the right to alter or abolish your government if what?
16. What is the difference between Locke's natural rights and Thomas Jefferson's natural rights?
17. Explain the significance of the English Bill of Rights and how it impacted the Constitution.

The United States Constitution

1. What were the weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation?
2. What occurred during Shay's Rebellion?
3. Why did the Articles of Confederation need to be replaced?
4. Who were the Federalist?
5. Who were the Anti-Federalist?
6. What was added for the Anti-Federalist to ratify the Constitution?
7. What are the Federalist Papers?
8. What are the 7 articles of the US Constitution about? (LEJ-RASR)
9. What is the first part of the Constitution referred to that outlines the 6 goals of the Constitution?
10. Which phrase in the Preamble refers to the principle of popular sovereignty?
11. What was the Virginia Plan?
12. What was the New Jersey Plan?

13. What was the Great Compromise?
14. What is the Supremacy Clause?
15. Which goal of the U.S. Constitution states that the government should work to protect the country from its enemies?
16. Which goal of the Preamble to U.S. Constitution states that the government should be a better union of states than the one created under the Articles of Confederation?
17. Which goal of the Preamble to the U.S. Constitution states that the government should work to safeguard the freedom of the people?
18. Which goal of the Preamble to the U.S. Constitution states that the government should work to protect the country from its enemies?
19. Which goal of the Preamble to the U.S. Constitution states that the government should preserve peace within the country?
20. The division of powers between three branches of government is called?
21. Which branch makes laws, which branch carries out/executes laws, which branch interprets laws?

The Amendments

1. What does the word “amend” mean?
2. In order to ratify an amendment, it must be approved by which fraction of the state legislators?
3. What are the five freedoms of the first amendment?
4. Which amendment grants citizens a right to a council if they cannot afford one?
5. Which amendments protect the rights of the accused?
6. What is due process?
7. What is double jeopardy?
8. What are the Civil Rights (Minority Amendments)? What does each these amendments do?
9. Which amendment eliminated poll taxes?
10. What are the two qualifications to vote in the US?
11. Which amendment grants citizens the right to a trial by jury?
12. Which amendment reserves powers back to the states?
13. In order for a judge to order a search warrant, a judge must have what?
14. What is suffrage?
15. What is **RASSDATEPS** stand for?

Florida Government

1. In which ways are Florida’s constitution and the US constitution different? Similar?
2. What are reserved powers? (Give three examples)
3. What are concurrent powers? (Give three examples)
4. What are expressed powers? (Give three examples)
5. What services does the local level of government provide?
6. Who is in charge of the executive branch at the state level?
7. How many Supreme Court Justices are at the state level?
8. How is Florida’s government organized?
9. What is federalism?
10. What are the three types of ways a city government can be organized?
11. What is an ordinance?
12. What is a line-item-veto?
13. What is a city council?

The American Legal System

1. What is civil law?

2. What is criminal law?
3. What is constitutional law?
4. What is military law?
5. What is rule of law?
6. Which type of law is to protect citizens?
7. What is the difference between misdemeanors and felonies?
8. What are ex post facto laws?
9. What is writ of habeas corpus?
10. What are bills of attainder?
11. What is a plea bargain?

Citizenship

1. What are the five obligations of a US citizen?
2. What are the five responsibilities of a US citizen?
3. What is the process of becoming a US citizen called?
4. Describe the legal process it takes to become a naturalized citizen?
5. What are the three levels of government?
6. What is the difference between law of blood and law of soil?
7. What is an alien?

Political Parties and Propaganda

1. What are the two major political parties?
2. Republicans and Democrats most differ on their ideas of the ...?
3. What is a party platform?
4. What are basic beliefs of the Democratic Party?
5. What are basic beliefs of the Republican Party?
6. How do 3rd parties affect elections?
7. What are the 7 different types of propaganda?
8. What is the watchdog theory?
9. How does the media influence government?
10. How do interest groups affect the government?

Foreign Policy

1. What are the goals of US foreign policy?
- Explain each organization:
2. World Trade Organization
 3. North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)
 4. Peace Corps
 5. World Health Organization (WHO)
 6. United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF)
 7. United Nations (UN)
 8. International Red Cross
 9. Describe how the United States responded to the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001.
 10. What is the difference between a monarchy and a dictatorship?
 11. Why is a constitutional monarchy not an authoritarian system of government?
 12. What is the difference between a direct democracy and a representative democracy?
 13. What is a unitary system?
 14. What is communism?
 15. What is theocracy?
 16. What is an oligarchy?
 17. What are treaties?
 18. What does the word domestic mean?
 19. What are alliances?
 20. What are non-government organizations?